極端な表風雪等の評価技術に関する研究

Studies on Technologies for Assessing the Intensity of Extremely Severe Snowstorms

近年、急速に発達した低気圧によって極めて激しい暴風雪や大雪がしばしば発生しています。このような雪氷災害へ の対策を検討するうえで、災害をもたらす極端な暴風雪や大雪の激しさを示すハザードマップが必要です。

本研究では、ハザードマップの作成に向け、一回の暴風雪や大雪の激しさを適切に評価するための指標作りを行います。 また、作成した指標に基づく暴風雪時の道路管理における判断支援方策を提案します。

In recent years, low-pressure systems that develop quickly have been bringing frequent severe snowstorms and heavy snowfalls. In conducting examinations for the development of measures against such snow- and ice-related disasters, a hazard map that shows the severity of extreme snowstorms and heavy snowfalls that result in disasters is necessary. In this study, we are developing an index for appropriately assessing the severity of a given snowstorm or heavy snowfall event, in order to enable the creation of hazard maps. We also propose a measure, based on the created index, for supporting decision-making by the road administrator during severe snowstorms.



吹雪による激しい視程障害 Severe visibility reduction caused by blowing snow

気象条件と吹雪量の関係解明

Clarification of the relationship between weather conditions and snow transport

一回の暴風雪や大雪の激しさを評価するためには、まず吹雪の激しさについて定 量的に示すことが必要です。一般的に、吹雪の激しさを示す指標として「吹雪量」が 用いられます。これは、風によって飛んでくる雪粒子の量を示すものです。(「吹雪量」 の定義は、風に直交する1m幅を1秒間に通過する雪の質量)

本研究では、気象観測データや吹雪量観測データを解析し、降雪量や風速、気温 等の気象条件と吹雪量の関係について検討し、吹雪の激しさを評価するための吹雪 量推定式を作成します。

To assess the severity of a given snowstorm or heavy snowfall event, it is necessary to quantitatively determine the severity of blowing snow. Generally, snow transport is used as an index of blowing snow severity. Snow transport gives the amount of windborne particles. (Snow transport is defined as the mass of snow that passes a width of 1m perpendicular to the wind direction in one second.)

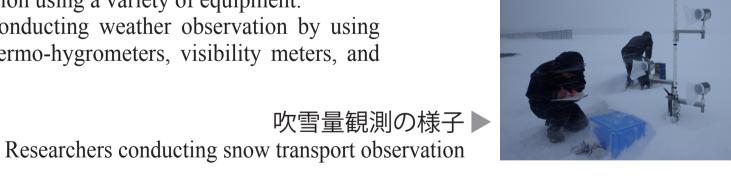
This study analyzes weather observation data and observed snow transport data to investigate how weather conditions such as snowfall, wind speed and temperature are related to snow transport. A snow transport estimation equation for assessing snowstorm severity is formulated.





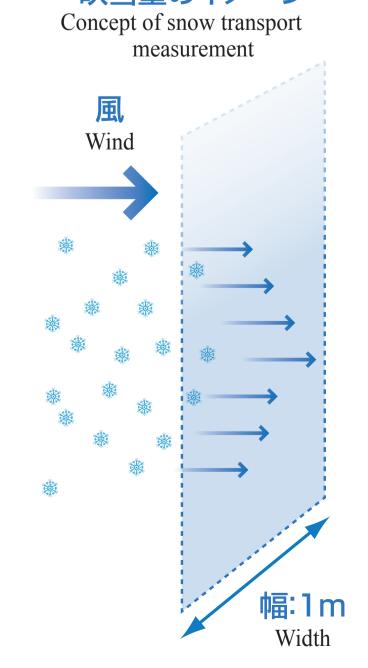
▲各種気象観測。風速計や温湿度計、視程計、日射計 などによる気象観測を実施している。

Weather observation using a variety of equipment. We have been conducting weather observation by using anemometers, thermo-hygrometers, visibility meters, and actinometers.





吹雪量のイメージ



高度7mの風速と吹雪量の関係

Relationship between wind speed at the height of 7m and snow transport

◆ 吹雪量 Snow transport ○各風速階級値の最大値 The maximum value for each level of wind speed 地吹雪による吹雪量Qb(g/m/s) Snow transport from blowing snow o G B B B G G B $y=0.00053x^{4.6}$ 14 15 12 13 10 高度7mの風速(m/s) Wind speed at the height of 7m

▲観測結果の一例

Example of an observation result

暴風雪や大雪の評価指標の検討

Examination of an index for assessing the severity of snowstorms and heavy snowfalls

本研究の目標は、暴風雪と大雪のハザードマップを開発し、道路管理における判 断支援方策を提案することです。そこで、過去の雪氷災害記録や気象データの履歴 から、雪害による被害状況について整理します。

一方、本研究により検討した吹雪量推定式を用い、過去の気象条件から暴風雪や 大雪のイベントを抽出します。これらのデータをもとにして、暴風雪および大雪の評価 指標について提案し、暴風雪や大雪イベントの発生頻度やその地域性について明ら かにします。

The purpose of this study is to develop a hazard map for snowstorms and heavy snowfall events, and to propose measures to support decision-making by the road administrator.

We will examine the records of snow- and ice-related disasters and weather data, in order to investigate snow- and ice-related disasters and their damage. By using the snow transport estimation equation that is developed in this study, we will extract snowstorm and heavy snowfall events from the weather conditions in the past. We will propose an index for snowstorms and heavy snowfall severity based on the above data and results. The occurrence frequencies of snowstorm and heavy snowfall events and the regional characteristics of such events will also be clarified.

本研究の検討フロー

Flow of examinations in this study

暴風雪・大雪の災害記録の収集

Collection of records on snowstorm and heavy snowfall disasters

吹雪量などの推定式の検討 Examination for the formulation of an estimation equation for snow transport

暴風雪および大雪災害時の 被害状況の抽出

Extraction of damage conditions at snowstorm and heavy snowfall events

データベース化 Database creation

気象条件から 暴風雪・大雪イベントの抽出

冬期気象データの収集

Collection of past winter weather data

Extraction of snowstorm and heavy snowfall events from past weather conditions

一回の暴風雪や大雪の厳しさを適切に評価する指標の検討

Examination of an index for appropriately assessing the severity of a snowstorm or heavy snowfall event

暴風雪および大雪の発生頻度と地域性について変化傾向の解明

Clarification of tendencies in the changes of occurrence frequency and regional characteristics of snowstorms and heavy snowfalls

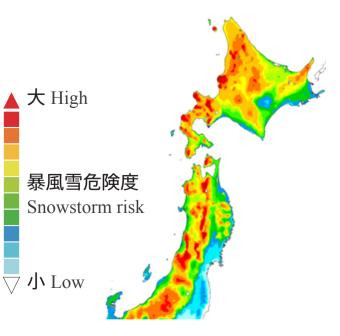
暴風雪および大雪に関する ハザードマップを開発 Development of a hazard map on

snowstorms and heavy snowfalls

暴風雪ハザードマップ

(イメージ)

Conceptual rendering of a snowstorm hazard map



指標に基づく暴風雪時の道路管理における 判断支援方策の提案

Proposal for a measure, based on the index, for supporting decision-making by the road administrator during severe snowstorms

指標による暴風雪の整理(イメージ)

The index, and snowstorm-related events (concept)

